

# The STREAM:com model – Simulating chemical effects on stream macroinvertebrate communities

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# Aims and scope

- Effect extrapolation at population and community level.
- Consideration of life histories, functional traits and habitat characteristics in the effect assessement.



### In a scenario analysis, we illustrate the the effect of biotic interactions.







### STREAM:com

Individual based model for stream macroinvertebrate communities

## Validation examples

Modelled

Measured

Filter feeders

Gatherers

Shredders

Grazers



#### Functional traits (e.g. food preference) www.fliessgewaesserbewertung.de/en/

tructure

**Naturatior** 

Dynamic energy budget models

Assimilation 🄛 Reserve

www.bio.vu.nl/thb/deb/deblab/add my pet/



Seasonal temperature scenario http://luadb.lds.nrw.de/LUA/hygon/pegel.php



### Spatial habitat scenario



## Scenario analysis



0.9

Figures: Simulated population sizes in chlorpyrifos treatment relative to control for an upland stream section. Different settings were used: a single population of Habrophlebia lauta, a H. lauta population under predation by Salmo trutta and H. lauta population in a community setting considering interspecific competition. Exposure concentrations derived from FOCUS-R1 Step 4 calculations, and multiplied by a factor of 270.

Figure:. Simulated and field trait community composition for an upland stream section.



### Single population setting



1.5

### Community setting



Figure:. Simulated and stream mesocosm dynamics of amphipods and isopods in a control system and upon chlorpyrifos exposure. For simulations, the STREAM:com model was integrated with the General Unified Threshold model of Survival. Data: Eaton et al. (1985). Aquatic Toxicology and Hazard Assessment, Eighth Symposium, ASTM STP 891, 85-118.



 Biotic interactions, such as competition and predation, can considerably add to the chemcial effect at higher biological levels.

 The STREAM:com model allows the quantification of this multiple stressor effect based on scenario analyses.



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—— Exposure concentration